

African Broadbill

Smithornis capensis

332 plots from 896 records

Likely to be far more common than suggested by this map and largely sedentary but easily overlooked when not calling so often missed in suitable habitat.

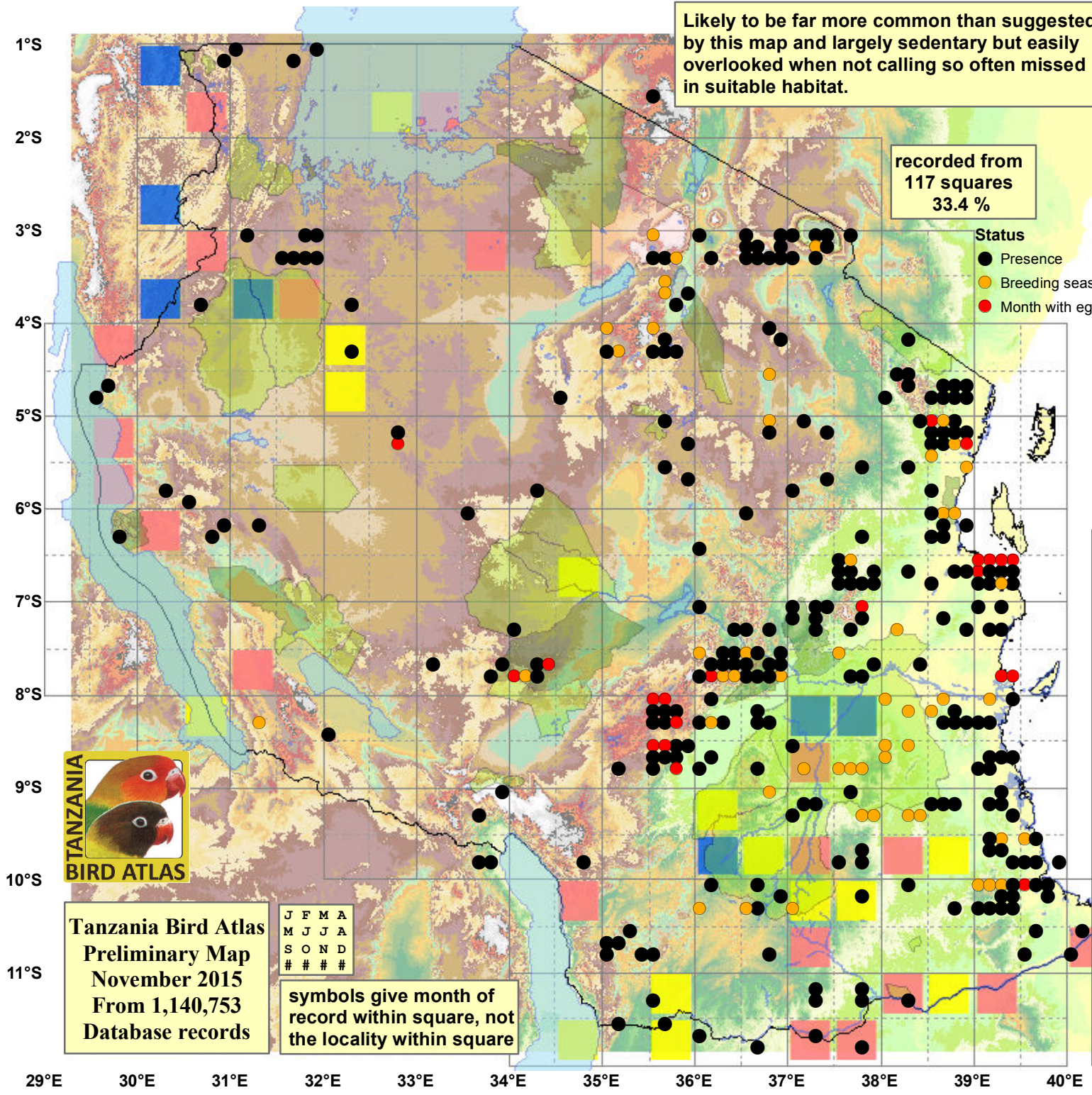
recorded from
117 squares
33.4 %

Status

- Presence
- Breeding season
- Month with eggs

Seasonality

	presence	bs	eggs
January	55	26	9
February	66	12	3
March	76	16	3
April	21	1	1
May	55	5	2
June	62	1	-
July	92	2	-
August	67	-	1
September	74	5	2
October	64	6	1
November	99	13	7
December	33	7	3
month 13	5	1	



Tanzania Bird Atlas
Preliminary Map
November 2015
From 1,140,753
Database records

J	F	M	A
M	J	J	A
S	O	N	D
#	#	#	#

symbols give month of record within square, not the locality within square

from Britton (1980)
An easily overlooked resident of the forest interior, including riparian forest strips and dense thickets. All four races range up to 1800m or more, but only *medianus* is wholly montane in the highlands of NE TZ and C KE (east of the rift) from the Usambaras, Chyulus, Mt Kilimanjaro, Mbulu and the Crater Highlands to Nairobi, the Aberdares, Mt Kenya and Ngaia Forest. The coastal lowlands are occupied by *suaheolicus*, from Mikindani to Sokoke Forest, inland to the Shimba Hills, Ulugurus, Ngurus, Rondo Plateau and Liwale. In interior Tanzania, *albigularis* is patchily distributed from Namabengo and Kasanga north to Mahari Mt, Gombe Stream GR, the Tabora area and Dodoma (Kolo and Bahi). The race *meinertzhageni* is known from south of Mt Elgon in W Kenya, at North Nandi Forest Kakamega Forest, Lerundo and Nyarondo, and from the Budongo, Kibale, Kibirau, Kanungu, Kalinzu, Maramagambo and Impenetrable forests of W Uganda.

29°E 30°E 31°E 32°E 33°E 34°E 35°E 36°E 37°E 38°E 39°E 40°E 41°E

1°S
2°S
3°S
4°S
5°S
6°S
7°S
8°S
9°S
10°S
11°S