

Slender-tailed Nightjar

Caprimulgus clarus

303 plots from 795 records

Virgin Yellow-vented Bulbul squares **9**

Single YvB month **16**

Two YvB months **24**

Seasonality
presence bs eggs

Month	presence	bs	eggs
January	83	1	1
February	73	1	-
March	67	-	-
April	54	-	-
May	35	-	-
June	51	1	-
July	69	-	-
August	71	-	1
September	62	2	1
October	66	3	1
November	71	1	1
December	79	-	-

Some (most) of these records in the west will refer to Gabon Nightjar *C. fossii* but those to the south of the core range will mainly be *clarus*. Those coastal records are odd, esp that breeding record and these will be double checked.

recorded from
83 squares
24 %

Status
● Presence
● Breeding season
● Month with eggs

Mwadui, where the recent photo came from is marked by the blue circle. It's a month tick !!

These seasonal recrds south of 6 suggest post breeding "wandering".

from Britton (1980). These pale-plumaged birds with variably pointed tail-feathers, are retained in *C. fossii* by White (1965) and Snow (1978), though both authors mention the voice differences detailed by North and McChesney (1964). Mainly on the grounds of voice we prefer to treat *clarus* as a separate species, comprising two races (nominate and *apatelius*) as suggested by van Someren (1922) and Snow (1978). It ranges widely in Kenya, Tanzania and Uganda south to Bagamoyo, Morogoro, Dodoma, Wembere, the north and east shores of Lake Victoria, Rwenzori NP and Ankole, frequenting dry bush and bushed grassland from sea-level to 2000 m where it is usually common and locally abundant. The long-tailed race *apatelius* occurs in N Uganda and N Kenya while the nominate race occurs elsewhere, intergrading north of the equator.

J F M A
M J J A
S O N D
#

symbols give month of record within square, not the locality within square



Tanzania Bird Atlas
Preliminary Map
June 2014
From 1,070,127
Database records

