

Magpie Mannikin

Lonchura fringilloides

108 plots from 227 records

Virgin Yellow-vented Bulbul squares **9**

Single YvB month **16**

Two YvB months **24**

- Status**
- Presence
 - Breeding season
 - Month with eggs

Occurs in 56 squares
16%

Seasonality
presence bs eggs

	presence	bs	eggs
January	8	2	-
February	16	-	-
March	10	1	-
April	21	1	-
May	16	-	-
June	13	2	-
July	13	2	-
August	15	1	-
September	13	-	-
October	60	1	-
November	5	1	-
December	11	-	1
month 13	14		

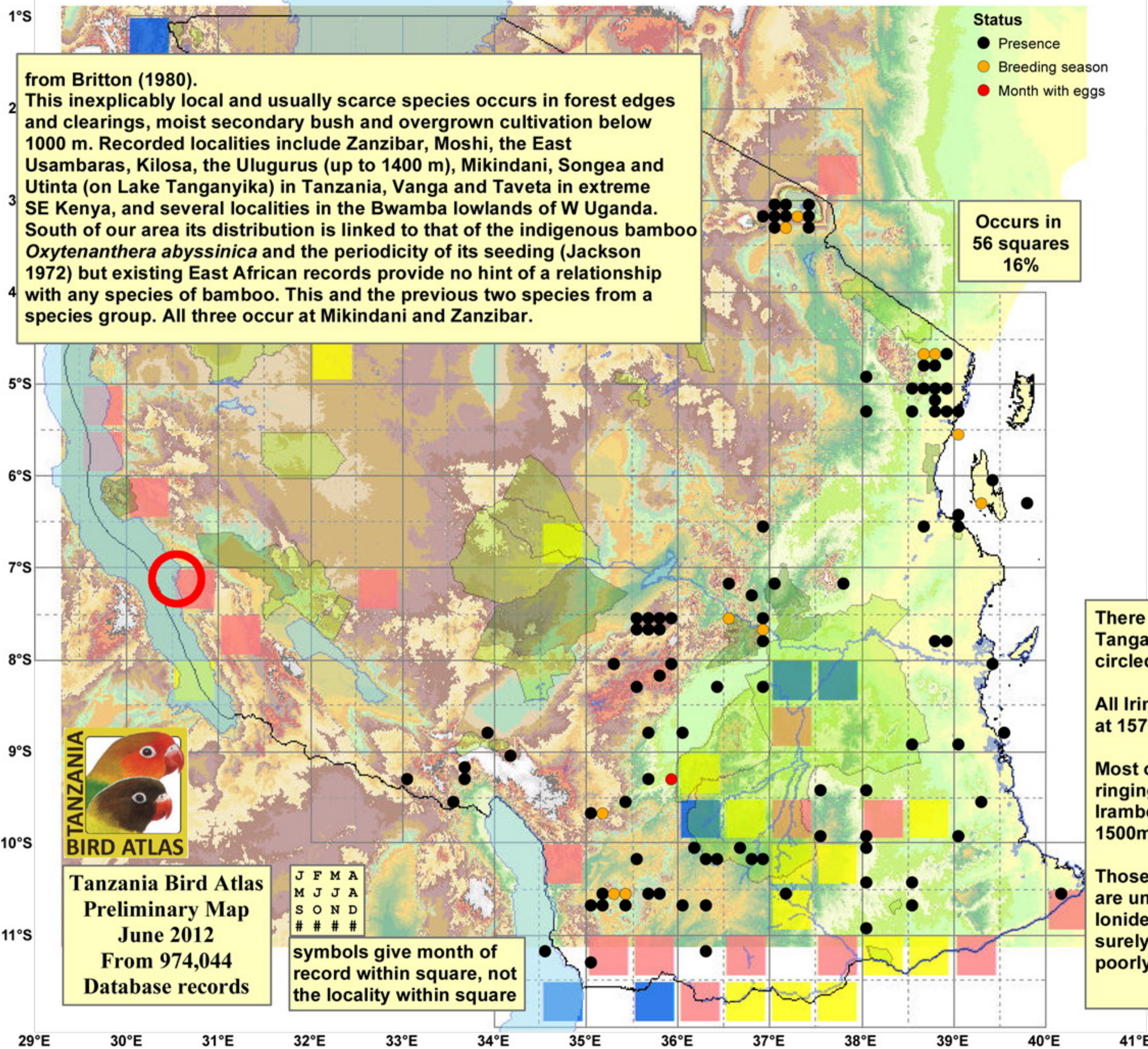
from Britton (1980). This inexplicably local and usually scarce species occurs in forest edges and clearings, moist secondary bush and overgrown cultivation below 1000 m. Recorded localities include Zanzibar, Moshi, the East Usambaras, Kilosa, the Ulugurus (up to 1400 m), Mikindani, Songea and Utinta (on Lake Tanganyika) in Tanzania, Vanga and Taveta in extreme SE Kenya, and several localities in the Bwamba lowlands of W Uganda. South of our area its distribution is linked to that of the indigenous bamboo *Oxytenanthera abyssinica* and the periodicity of its seeding (Jackson 1972) but existing East African records provide no hint of a relationship with any species of bamboo. This and the previous two species from a species group. All three occur at Mikindani and Zanzibar.

There are no recent records from Lake Tanganyika, the locality Utinta is circled in red.

All Iringa records are from Kihesa Kilolo at 1575m.

Most of those October records are ringing results by Etion Sion from Irambo and Dhambwe, both above 1500m.

Those month 13 records from the SE are undated from the file cards of C.J.P. Ionides from the 30s and 40s. It is surely widespread in this generally poorly worked area.



Tanzania Bird Atlas
Preliminary Map
June 2012
From 974,044
Database records

J F M A
M J J A
S O N D
#

symbols give month of record within square, not the locality within square